

AL SALAM BANK B.S.C.

Liquidity and Leverage Ratios

30 June 2023

AL SALAM BANK B.S.C. Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) Disclosure 30 June 2023

Background:

Al Salam Bank ("ASB") has been subjected to the Basel III NSFR standards from December 2019, pursuant to CBB circular No. EDBS/KH/54/2018 dated 16th August 2018. ASB is required to maintain NSFR of at least 100% on an ongoing basis.

The objective of NSFR is to improve the resiliency of banks by promoting long term funding stability. NSFR is designed to limit the risks emanating from excessive maturity mismatches over the medium to long term. More specifically, the NSFR requires ASB to fund illiquid assets with a minimum amount of stable liabilities over a horizon of one year.

The NSFR requires banks to maintain a stable funding profile in relation to the composition of their assets and offbalance sheet activities. CBB circular stipulates the applicable Required Stable Funding ("RSF") factor for each category of asset and Available Stable Funding ("ASF") factor for each type of funding source.

ASB seeks to ensure that its NSFR remains above the specified regulatory minimum requirements. This is achieved by:

(i) Monitoring the NSFR closely against an established internal early warning trigger and management target.

(ii) Managing and developing strategies to build a diversified funding base with access to funding sources across retail and wholesale channels.

Analysis and main drivers:

Al Salam Bank strategy is to maintain stable and well-diversified funding sources by focusing on raising more stable free float and long-term deposits from core customer base in Bahrain and across other key GCC markets where strong banking relationships have been successfully established. The main driver of this strategy is to fund bank's core business activities with the widest deposit base and hence maintaining comfortable funding mix for the long-term assets and subsequently healthy NSFR.

The Assets and Labilities Committee (ALCO) regularly reviews the different liquidity indicators -including the NSFRand set appropriate action plans in maintaining adequate, sustainable and healthy liquidity position. ALCO review takes global economic indicators as well as local micro economic factors into consideration. Hence effective liquidity management is set into practice steered by treasury and risk department and collaborated with other key business units.

As at 30 June 2023, the weighted value of the Available Stable Funding (ASF) stood at BD 3.1 billion, while the total weighted value of the Required Stable Funding (RSF) stood at BD 2.5 billion. The resultant NSFR stood at 119.82%, well above the current 100% threshold stipulated by CBB. The ASF is primarily driven by a strong capital base, substantial retail and private banking deposit base and deposits from non-financial corporate customers.

Post application of the relevant factors, the contribution of regulatory capital, retail deposits and deposits from nonfinancial corporates stood at 12%, 61% and 11% respectively. The bank does not rely on financial market funding sources and interbank funding activities are primarily used for short term funding gaps.

The RSF post application of relevant factors is driven by financing provided to non-financial corporate customers, retail and small business customers, and some unlisted investments.

ASB's High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) requires minimum funding due to its sovereign nature and high liquidity which, after applying the relevant factors, makes up 1% of the RSF portfolio. unencumbered financing and placements account for 67% and Investment exposures account for 17% of the RSF.

At ASB, there is considerable focus on growing and maintaining stability of demand and term deposits provided by private, corporate and retail customers which will continue to form a significant part of the funding.

AL SALAM BANK B.S.C. Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) Report - Consolidated 30 June 2023

						BHD '000	
		Unweighted Values (before applying relevant factors)					
No.	ltem	No specified maturity	Less than 6 months	More than 6 months and less than one year	Over one year	Total weighted value	
Avai	able Stable Funding (ASF):						
	Capital:						
	Regulatory Capital	304,252	-	-	54,631	358,884	
	Other Capital Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	
	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers:						
	Stable deposits	-	230,482	7,283	6,653	232,529	
	Less stable deposits	-	1,303,298	439,112	281,388	1,849,557	
	Wholesale funding:						
	Operational deposits	-		-	-	-	
	Other wholesale funding	-	1,593,626	329,330	76,003	610,384	
	Other liabilities:					,	
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities		-	-	-		
	All other liabilities not included in the above categories	_	135,288	_	_	-	
	Total ASF		100,200			3,051,354	
-	ired Stable Funding (RSF):					0,001,001	
	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	_	_	_	_	33,154	
	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	_	_	_	_	-	
	Performing financing and sukuk/ securities:						
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	-	-	_	-	_	
	Performing financing to financial institutions secured by non-level 1						
18	HQLA and unsecured performing financing to financial institutions	-	247,681	_	12,501	49,653	
	Performing financing to non- financial corporate clients, financing to		217,001		12,001	17,000	
	retail and small business customers, and financing to sovereigns, central						
19	banks and PSEs, of which:	-	788,919	262,411	1,114,077	1,437,374	
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the Capital						
20	Adequacy Ratio guidelines	-	-	-	176,281	114,583	
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	-	-	-	356,514	231,734	
	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBB Capital						
22	Adequacy Ratio Guidelines	-	-	-	356,514	231,734	
	Securities/ sukuk that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA,						
	including exchange-traded equities	-	14,722	11,112	12,640	23,661	
	Other assets:						
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	-				-	
	Assets posted as initial margin for Shari'a-compliant hedging contracts						
	and contributions to default funds of CCPs		-	-	-	-	
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging assets		-	-	-	-	
	NSFR Shari'a-compliant hedging contract liabilities before deduction of						
	variation margin posted		-	-	-	-	
	All other assets not included in the above categories	727,286	17,806	-	68,943	740,948	
	OBS items		601,317	-	-	30,066	
	Total RSF		-	-	-	2,546,591	
32	NSFR (%)					119.82%	

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Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) Report - Consolidated 30 June 2023

CBB issued its regulations on Liquidity Risk Management in August 2018. The regulations mandate that banks are required to maintain LCR of at least 100% on a daily basis. The objective of LCR is to manage assets and liabilities to create strong short-term resilience and sufficient liquidity that is enough to fund cash outflow for 30 days.

Below is the bank's average consolidated LCR for the period:

	Q2-2	2023	Q1-2	023
	Total unweighted value	Total weighted value	Total unweighted value	Total weighted value
	(average)	(average)	(average)	(average)
ligh-quality liquid assets				
1 Total HQLA		647,559		584,832
Cash outflows				
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	000 51/	0.005		
3 Stable deposits	309,516	9,285	294,543	8,836
4 Less stable deposits	423,965	42,397	446,570	44,657
5 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:				
6 Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks	-	-	-	-
7 Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	784,750	518,397	769,967	488,495
8 Unsecured sukuk	-	-	-	-
9 Secured wholesale funding		-		-
10 Additional requirements, of which:				
11 Outflows related to Shari'a-compliant hedging instruments exposures and other collateral				
requirements	-	-	-	-
12 Outflows related to loss of funding on financing products	-	-	-	-
13 Credit and liquidity facilities	59,790	39,794	85,849	47,62
14 Other contractual funding obligations	-	-	-	-
15 Other contingent funding obligations	224,650	6,764	215,250	6,293
16 Total Cash Outflows		616,637		595,903
ash inflows				
17 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	-	-	-	-
18 Inflows from fully performing exposures	96,428	51,285	64,079	38,823
19 Other cash inflows	281,149	266,220	259,463	244,476
20 Total Cash Inflows	377,577	317,505	323,542	283,299
		Total adjusted		Total adjusted
		Value		Value
21 Total HQLA		647,559		584,832
22 Total net cash outflows		299,132		312,604
23 Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)*		220.02%		191.57%

*Represents simple average of daily LCR

CBB in June 2018 issued guidelines on leverage ratio as part of updates to the Capital Adequacy Module. The ratio measures how well the banks' Tier 1 capital covers its total exposures (self-financed exposures and adjusted exposures funded by EOIA) both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet. CBB has mandated a minimum consolidated leverage ratio of 3%.

S.No.	Description	BHD '000
1	Total Self Financed Assets	2,007,789
2	2 Total URIA Financed Assets	
3	3 Off Balance Sheet items - with relevant Credit Conversion Factors	
4	4 Leverage ratio exposure [(1) + (2)*30% + (3)]	
5	Regulatory Adjustments	50,156
6	Total exposures for the calculation of the leverage ratio [(4)-(5)]	3,050,903
7	Tier 1 Capital	254,096
	Leverage Ratio [(7)/(6)]	8.33%
	Minimum Leverage Ratio as required by CBB	3%

Below is the bank's consolidated financial leverage ratio as at 30 June 2023: